



Escape Platinum in Carbonized Grey Metallic. When properly equipped. Max. towing varies based on cargo, vehicle configuration, accessories and number of passengers.

Escape

Automatic Transmission

Engine	Final Drive Ratio	GCWR (lbs.)		MAXIMUM LOADED TRAILER WEIGHT (lbs.) ¹
		FWD	AWD	
2.5L I-4 Hybrid	2.91		5624	1500 ²
2.5L I-4 Plug-in Hybrid	2.91		5785	1500 ²
1.5L EcoBoost I-3	3.81		5635	2000 ³
			5790	2000 ³
2.0L EcoBoost I-4	3.47		7440	2000 ³ /3500 ⁴

Notes:

- Certain provinces/territories/states require electric trailer brakes for trailers over a specified weight. Be sure to check local governmental regulations for this specified weight. **WARNING:** Do not tow a trailer fitted with electric trailer brakes unless your vehicle is fitted with a compatible aftermarket electronic trailer brake controller. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the loss of control of your vehicle, personal injury or death. For additional information and assistance, we recommend that you contact an authorized dealer.
- Combined weight of vehicle and trailer cannot exceed listed GCWR.
- Do not exceed the Maximum Loaded Trailer Weight listed.
- Escape calculated with SAE J2807 method.

REQUIRED EQUIPMENT

For trailers over 2000 pounds — Class II Trailer Tow Package (536).

Your New Vehicle Limited Warranty may be voided if you tow without this.⁵

FRONTAL AREA LIMITATION

Frontal Area is the total area in square feet that a moving vehicle and trailer exposes to air resistance.

The maximum trailer frontal area that must be considered for a **Escape/trailer combination is 20 sq. ft. without Class II Trailer Tow Package and 30 sq. ft. with Class II Trailer Tow Package.** Exceeding this limitation may significantly reduce the performance of your towing vehicle.

1. Maximum towing capabilities are for properly equipped vehicles with required equipment and a 150-lb. driver and passenger and vary based on cargo, vehicle configuration, accessories, option content and number of passengers. For additional information, see your Ford Dealer. 2. Requires Class II Trailer Tow Package (536) available on ST-Line Select, ST-Line Elite, Platinum and Plug-In Hybrid models. 3. Escape does not offer factory-installed towing equipment for this application; only available as dealer accessory. 4. Requires Class II Trailer Tow Package (536). 5. See your Ford Dealer for limited warranty details. 6. Available with 2.0L EcoBoost I-4 or 2.5L I-4 Hybrid/Plug-in Hybrid powertrains only. 7. 1.5L and 2.0L EcoBoost models only. 8. Hitch receivers do not include a hitch ball or ball mounting. You are responsible for obtaining the proper hitch ball, ball mounting, and other appropriate equipment to tow both the trailer and its cargo load. 9. When properly equipped.

AVAILABLE TRAILER TOW PACKAGE

Equipment	Escape ⁶ (536)	LEGEND
Trailer Wiring Harness (4-Pin)	I	I = Equipment is included in the package. S = Equipment is standard on the vehicle.
Hitch Receiver	I	
Auto Trans. Oil Cooler	S ⁷	
Trailer Sway Control	I	
Lane Keeping System	S	

Note: Content may vary depending on model, trim and/or powertrain. See your Ford Dealer for specific content information for all vehicles that will be used for towing to help ensure easy, proper connection of trailer lights.

FACTORY-INSTALLED TRAILER HITCH RECEIVER

Included with Class II Trailer Tow Package — Option Code 536.

See Hitch Receiver Weight Capacity chart for the weight-carrying capacity of this hitch receiver. (This capacity also is shown on a label affixed to the receiver.)

HITCH RECEIVER WEIGHT CAPACITY

The maximum weight capacities for the hitch receivers shown below may exceed the maximum loaded trailer weight for the vehicle specified. Refer to the Trailer Towing Selector chart for Maximum Loaded Trailer Weight for these vehicles.

	Weight-Carrying Max. Trailer Capacity (lbs.) ^{4,8,9}	Max. Tongue Load (lbs.) ^{4,8,9}
Escape Hybrid/Plug-in Hybrid	1500	150
Escape 2.0L EcoBoost	3500	350

Basic Towing Information

Towing a trailer is demanding on your vehicle, your trailer and your personal driving skills. Follow some basic rules that will help you with your towing experience.

Cargo And Weight Distribution

For optimum handling and braking, the load must be properly distributed.

Keep centre of gravity low for best handling.

Cargo and load capacity limited by weight and weight distribution.

Approximately 60% of the allowable cargo weight should be in the front half of the trailer and 40% in the rear (within limits of tongue load or king pin weight).

Load should be balanced from side-to-side to optimize handling and tire wear.

Load must be firmly secured to prevent shifting during cornering or braking, which could result in a sudden loss of control.

Before Starting

Before setting out on a trip, practice turning, stopping and backing up your trailer in an area away from heavy traffic.

Know clearance required for trailer roof.

Check equipment (make a checklist).

Backing Up

Back up slowly, with someone spotting near the rear of the trailer to guide you.

Place one hand at bottom of steering wheel and move it in the direction you want the trailer to go.

Make small steering inputs — slight movement of steering wheel results in much greater movement in rear of trailer.

Braking

Allow considerably more distance for stopping with trailer attached.

Remember, the braking system of the tow vehicle is rated for operation at the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR), not Gross Combination Weight Rating (GCWR).

If your tow vehicle is a Maverick, Ranger, F-150, F-Series Super Duty, Transit or Expedition and your trailer

has electric brakes, the optional Integrated Trailer Brake Controller (TBC) assists in smooth and effective trailer braking by powering the trailer's electric or electric-over-hydraulic brakes with proportional output based on the towing vehicle's brake pressure.

If you are experiencing trailer sway and your vehicle is equipped with electric brakes and a brake controller, activate the trailer brakes with the brake controller by hand. Do not apply the tow vehicle brakes as this can result in increased sway.¹

Turning

When turning, be sure to swing wide enough to allow trailer to avoid curbs and other obstructions.

Towing On Hills

Downshift the transmission to assist braking on steep downgrades and to increase power (reduce lugging) when climbing hills.

Select Tow/Haul mode, if equipped, to automatically eliminate unwanted gear search when going uphill and help control vehicle speed when going downhill.

Parking With A Trailer

Whenever possible, vehicles with trailers should not be parked on a grade. However, if it is necessary, place wheel chocks under the trailer's wheels, following the instructions below.

Apply the foot service brakes and hold.

Have another person place the wheel chocks under the trailer wheels on the downgrade side.

Once the chocks are in place, release brake pedal, making sure the chocks will hold the vehicle and trailer.

Apply the parking brake.

Shift automatic transmission into park, or manual transmission into reverse.

With 4-wheel drive, make sure the transfer case is not in neutral (if applicable).

Starting Out Parked On A Grade

Apply the foot service brake and hold.

Start the engine with transmission in park (automatic) or neutral (manual).

Shift the transmission into gear and release the parking brake.

Release the brake pedal and move the vehicle uphill to free the chocks.

Apply the brake pedal while another person retrieves the chocks.

Acceleration And Passing

The added weight of the trailer can dramatically decrease the acceleration of the towing vehicle — exercise caution.

When passing a slower vehicle, be sure to allow extra distance. Remember, the added length of the trailer must clear the other vehicle before you can pull back in.

Signal and make your pass on level terrain with plenty of clearance.

If necessary, downshift for improved acceleration.

Driving With An Automatic Overdrive Transmission

With certain automatic overdrive transmissions, towing — especially in hilly areas — may cause excessive shifting between overdrive and the next lower gear.

When available, select Tow/Haul mode to automatically eliminate unwanted gear search and help control vehicle speed when going downhill.

Driving With Cruise Control²

Turn off the cruise control with heavy loads or in hilly terrain. The cruise control may turn off automatically when you are towing on long, steep grades. Use caution while driving on wet roads and avoid using cruise control in rainy or winter weather conditions.

Tire Pressure

Underinflated tires get hot and may fail, leading to possible loss of vehicle control.

Overinflated tires may wear unevenly and compromise traction and stopping capability.

Tires should be checked often for conformance to recommended cold inflation pressures.

Spare Tire Use

A conventional, identical full-size spare tire is required for trailer towing (mini, compact and dissimilar full-size spare tires should not be used; always replace the spare tire with a new road tire as soon as possible).

On The Road

After about 80 kilometres, stop in a protected location and double-check:

Trailer hitch attachment.

Lights and electrical connections.

Trailer wheel lug nuts for tightness.

Engine oil — check regularly throughout your trip.

High Altitude Operation

Your vehicle may have reduced performance when operating at high altitudes and when heavily loaded or towing a trailer. While driving at elevation, in order to match driving performance as perceived at sea level, reduce Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW) and Gross Combination Weight (GCW) by 2% per 1000 ft. elevation.

Powertrain/Frontal Area Considerations

The charts in this Guide show the minimum powertrain needed to achieve an acceptable towing performance for the listed GCW of tow vehicle and trailer.

Under certain conditions, however, (e.g., when the trailer has a large frontal area that adds substantial air drag or when trailering in hilly or mountainous terrain) it is wise to choose a vehicle with a higher rating.

Towing performance is maximized with a low-drag, rounded front design trailer.

Selecting A Trim Series

Your specific vehicle's tow capability could be reduced based on weight of selected trim series and option content.

Note: For additional trailering information pertaining to your vehicle, refer to the vehicle Owner's Manual.

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¹ Driver-assist features are supplemental and do not replace the driver's attention, judgment and need to control the vehicle. Remember that even advanced technology cannot overcome the laws of physics. It's always possible to lose control of a vehicle due to inappropriate driver input for the conditions. ² Driver-assist features are supplemental and do not replace the driver's attention, judgment and need to control the vehicle. They do not make your vehicle autonomous or replace your responsibility to drive safely. Please only use if you will pay attention to the road and be prepared to take over at any time. See Owner's Manual for details and limitations.